

Consent: Communication and safety in sexual situations

Curriculum links

WA Curriculum

ACPPS093: Skills and strategies to promote respectful relationships

International technical guidance on sexuality education

- Violence and staying safe
- Skills for health and wellbeing

Materials

- [Laugh and learn video - keeping safe](#) (2min 8sec) (external link)
- Student activity sheet: [Placemat activity sheet_keeping safe with sexual activity](#) (1 per group of 4 students enlarged to A3 size)
- Teacher resource: [Placemat activity_answer sheet](#) (1 for teacher)
- Optional: [Take home activity_reliable RSE websites](#)

Before you get started

- It is beneficial to complete the following lessons prior to this lesson, or ensure students have the appropriate knowledge:
 - [Sexual consent and the law](#)
 - [Safer sex - condoms](#)
 - [Sexting: To send or not to send](#)
- [Protective interrupting](#) - Teachers need to know and understand how to use this technique to prevent students from potentially disclosing sensitive information or abuse in front of other students.
- [Managing disclosures](#) - Teachers must be aware of the school and legal procedures if a student discloses personal issues, particularly disclosures of sexual abuse.
- [Exploring my own values](#) - Consider your own thoughts, feelings, attitudes and values on this topic and be aware of how they may influence the way you present this activity. Be aware of your own self-care and support networks
- [Question box](#) - Have a question box available in every lesson to allow students the opportunity to ask questions that may be too embarrassing or unsafe for them to ask openly in class. See [Setting up the](#)

[question box](#) for further information. For ways to answer some of the curly questions, see [Scripted answers to FAQs](#).

- Preview [Laugh and learn - keeping safe](#) (2min 8sec)
- Background teacher notes/guides provide content knowledge for teachers prior to lesson delivery: [Respectful relationships](#); [Safer sex and contraception](#); [Sex and alcohol and other drugs](#); [Sex and the law](#); [Discrimination](#)
- Visit these external sites for further essential information on consent, safer sex and taking selfies:
 - [Sex and the Law | Get the Facts](#) (external link)
 - [Sex & Dating | Legal Support in Western Australia | Youth Law Australia](#) (external link)
 - [King Edward Memorial Hospital - Sexual Assault Resource Centre \(SARC\)](#) (external link)

Learning activities

Group agreement

5 min

Teaching tip: A group agreement must be established before any Relationships and Sexuality Education (RSE) program begins to ensure a safe learning environment. Read [Essential Tool: Establishing a group agreement](#) for tips on how to create one and what to include.

1. Revise or create the class [group agreement](#).

Laugh and learn video - safer sex

30 minutes

1. Say:

"In this video there are some words and phrases that need some thinking about and discussing before we get to see the video."

6. Divide the class into groups to discuss the following questions. Ask for responses from each group.

What do you think 'ramification' means? Use a dictionary if you don't know.

(Consequence, result, aftermath, outcome, effect.)

Thinking about the topic of 'staying safe in a sexual situation' - what do you think would be covered in a 'proper talk'?

(e.g., Communicating about individual wants; consent; STI and pregnancy prevention.)

What do you understand 'safe sex' measures to be?

(Using a condom to prevent STIs and/or pregnancy and using a contraceptive method to prevent pregnancy.)

7. Explain:

"The term 'safe sex' and 'safer sex' are often used interchangeably. In this video the term 'safe sex' is used, however, the more accurate term is 'safer sex' as no sexual activity is 100% safe."

For a more detailed explanation see [Safer sex](#) (external link) and [What is safer sex?](#) (external link).

9. Watch [Laugh and learn - keeping safe](#) (2min 8sec)



10. Ask:

What do you think of the use of humour in this video?

Does it help get information across? How?

What is the message/information you got from this video?

(e.g. it is important to talk about safer sex beforehand; both partners need to be ready; the age of consent in WA is 16; partners should be aware of what each other want; consent is vital)

11. Say:

"While humour is useful and we can laugh at some aspects, there is a serious side to keeping safe that we need to look at. We're going to look at some of the important considerations around, and possible 'ramifications' (consequences) of, sexual activity."

Ask:

There were a number of positive key words you may have seen or heard in the video. What were they? (Give clues by writing these words with some letters missing.)

- *communicate/communication/talk*
- *consent*
- *comfort/comfortable*
- *conversation*
- *wants/expectations*

So why is it important to talk about safe sex beforehand?

(e.g., ready; comfortable; can be difficult because it is out of comfort zone; both need to be aware of each other's expectations.)

Placemat: Keeping safe with sexual activity

20 minutes

12. Say:

"There are several aspects to keeping safe in sexual situations that need to be considered.

There are different areas that need to be considered when people are thinking about keeping themselves and their partners safe in sexual situations. As we have discussed, safety and wellbeing related to sexual activity is about more than just STI and pregnancy prevention. It is important to think about the issues and impacts related to all areas:

- physical (including sexual health)
- emotional
- social
- respectful relationship with partner
- the law

Many of the issues and consequences considered in each area overlap and link with other areas.

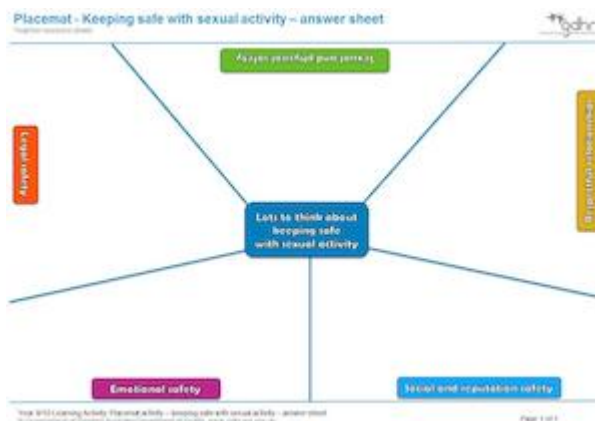
13. As a whole group, revise the legal aspects of consent in WA (legal age of consent in WA is 16; consent must be mutual, freely given, informed, certain, coherent, clear and ongoing; consent can be withdrawn at any time).

Teaching tip: For essential information about consent, safer sex and taking selfies go to the [Youth Law Australia](#) website (external site) and [Get the Facts - Sex and the law](#) (external site).

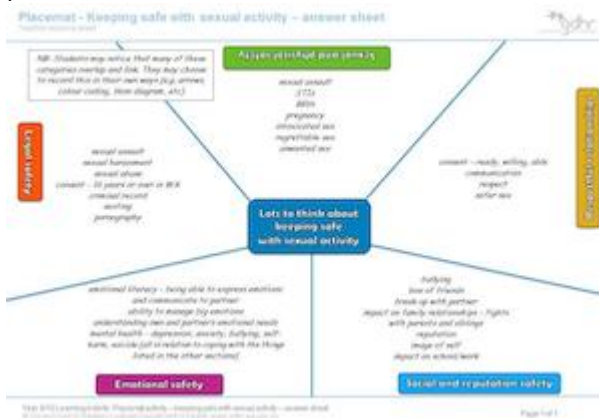
14. Teaching strategy: [Placemat activity](#)

In groups of 4 students complete [Student activity sheet: Keeping safe with sexual activity](#). Have each group discuss and record possible issues and ramifications associated with different aspects of keeping safe in sexual situations:

1. physical (including sexual health)
2. emotional
3. social
4. respectful relationship with partner
5. the law



15. Have groups share ideas with the whole class. See [Teacher resource: Placemat activity_answer sheet](#) for possible answers.



16. Remind students that the Sexual Assault Resource Centre (SARC) is a free service available for people who have experienced sexual assault. Display the [SARC website](#) and crisis line phone numbers (08) 6458 1828 or free call 1800 199 888. Posters can be put up in class and other places around the school.

3-2-1 Reflection

- Ask students to write one new thing they have learnt from this lesson.
- Ask for volunteers to share what they wrote.
- Remind students that Get the Facts has a completely confidential 'ask a question' service that they may wish to use. All questions are answered by a qualified health professional with a week.

Optional: Take home activity

Provide students with the [Take home activity: Reliable RSE websites](#) (electronic copy if possible). Remind them that it is best to use credible Western Australian and Australian websites to answer health questions rather than doing an internet search.

Keeping safe in sexual situations: Reliable websites
Take home activity sheet

Dear Parents/Carers

Many parents expect that their children will come to them if they have questions about relationships and sex, but in a recent survey of WA teens, only:

- 25% felt confident or very confident to talk to their parents (or female guardians) about sex
- 14% felt confident or very confident to talk to their dads (or male guardians) about sex
- 80% have ever used the internet for advice about sexual health
- 24% have a high level of trust in the internet for advice about sexual health

It is very important that young people (and adults) use reliable Western Australian and Australian websites to answer health questions rather than doing an internet search.

Here are some reliable Western Australian and Australian websites:

GET the Facts

getthefacts.health.wa.gov.au is a WA Department of Health website for 13-17 year olds. It has an ask a confidential 'ask a question' feature where young people can submit questions that are answered by a qualified health professional.

Respectful relationships
getthefacts.health.wa.gov.au/relationships
kidsline.com.au/teensexandrelationships
online.rsa.wa

Sexual assault
health.wa.gov.au/Our-services/Gateway-Services/GARC

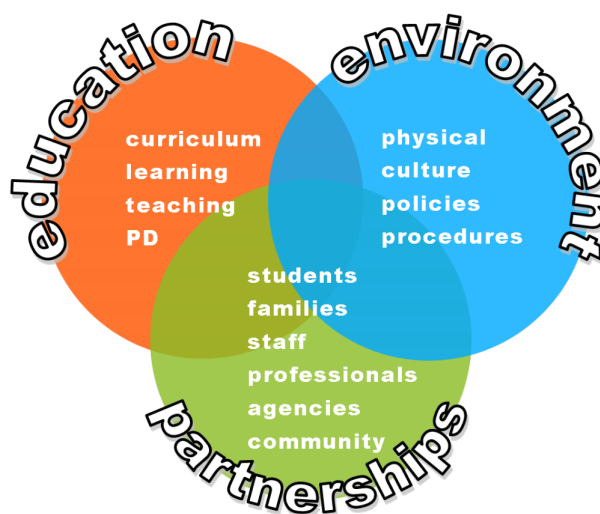
Staying safe
getthefacts.health.wa.gov.au/staying-safe
wilda.com.au/item/category/75-sexual-health-and-youth.html
headspace.org.au/young-people/understanding-sex-links/sexual-health-and-contraception/
youth.org.au/line-and-voice-of-sexual-health/

Help seeking
kidsline.com.au/teens

Legal issues
online.wa.gov.au/resources/a-legal#Sex%20and%20consent
pfa.org.au

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Health promoting schools



Background teacher note: [Health promoting schools framework](#).

Partnerships with parents

- *Talk soon. Talk often: a guide for parents talking to their kids about sex* is a free resource that can be bulk ordered by schools. Send a copy home to parents prior to starting your RSE program. The booklet offers

age and stage appropriate information so that parents can reinforce the topics covered in class. ([How to order hardcopies.](#))

- Run a parent workshop prior to delivering RSE lessons so that parents can see the resources used, ask questions and find out how to support the school program by continuing conversations at home.
- Add the [Get the Facts](#) and [SECCA app](#) links to your website/e-news for parents.

Partnerships with school staff

- Invite the school health professionals and pastoral care staff (school nurse, school psychologist, chaplain, boarding house master, etc) to a class or an assembly to introduce them to the students and let them know what their roles are and how they can help the students. For example:
 - If you have concerns about relationships, you can go to...
 - If you have more questions about sexual health, you can go to...